

An ISO 9001:2015 & 14001:2015 Certified Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Recognized by UGC with 2(f) & 12(B) Re-accredited by NAAC "A+", NBA Accredited (UG Courses: AERO & CSE)

Nehru Gardens, Thirumalayampalayam, Coimbatore – 641 105



1.3.1 Institution integrates cross-cutting issues relevant to Professional Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environment and Sustainability, and Human Values into the curriculum

Course file

Subject Name: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

AND SUSTAINABILITY

Subject Code: GE 3451

Department of Information Technology

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY

6

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness. Eco-system and Energy flow– ecological succession. Types of biodiversity: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity– values of biodiversity, India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

6

Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Water, Soil, Air and Noise Pollutions, Solid, Hazardous and E-Waste management. Case studies on Occupational Health and Safety Management system (OHASMS). Environmental protection, Environmental protection acts.

UNITIII RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY

6

Energy management and conservation, New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of- Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion. Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABILITY AND MANAGEMENT

6

Development , GDP ,Sustainability- concept, needs and challenges-economic, social and aspects of sustainability-from unsustainability to sustainability-millennium development goals, and protocols-Sustainable Development Goals-targets, indicators and intervention areas Climate change- Global, Regional and local environmental issues and possible solutions-case studies. Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint. Environmental management in industry-A case study.

UNIT V SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

6

Zero waste and R concept, Circular economy, ISO 14000 Series, Material Life cycle assessment, Environmental Impact Assessment. Sustainable habitat: Green buildings, Green materials, Energy efficiency, Sustainable transports. Sustainable energy: Non-conventional Sources, Energy Cycles-83 carbon cycle, emission and sequestration, Green Engineering: Sustainable urbanization Socio economical and technological change.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

8.1



UNIT I ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY

INTRODUCTION

The word environment is derived from the French word "Environ" meaning "Surroundings". Each and everything around us is called as environment.

Every organism is surrounded by materials and forces which constitute its environment, from which it must derive its needs. Environment creates favourable conditions for the existence and development of living organisms.

Environment: Environment is defined as, "the sum of total of all living and non - living things around us influencing one another."

Environmental science: Environmental science is the study of the environment, its biotic (ie., biological) and abiotic (ie., non biological) components and their interrelationship.

Environmental engineering: Environmental engineering is the application of engineering principles to the protection and enhancement of quality of the environment and public health and welfare.

Environmental studies: Environmental studies are the process of educating the people for preserving quality environment.

TYPES OF ENVIRONMENT

Environment can be divided into two categories

1. Natural environment

Natural environment is characterized by natural components. All biotic (living) and abiotic components (non-living) are created through a natural process. Creation of these biotic and abiotic components do not require any human support.

Examples: Soil, water, air, trees, radiations, noise, etc.

Man - made environment

Man is the most powerful environmental agent. He modifies the environment using modern technologies, according to his needs to a great extent. Thus the man-made environment is created by man.

Examples: House, road, schools, railway lines, parks, etc

COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENT

The environment consists of Abiotic (non living), Biotic (living) and energy component.

Abiotic (non living) component or physical component

The abiotic components enter into the living organism helps in metabolism and return to environment.

Eg. Soil, air, water, mineral

Abiotic components are divided into

1. Atmosphere: Component that moves substance from atmospheric sources to receptors.

Regions of atmosphere

regions of atmosp	regions of atmosphere							
Region	Altitude	Temperature(°C)	Chemical species					
Troposphere	0-18	15 to -56	N ₂ ,H ₂ O,CO ₂ ,O ₂					
Stratosphere	18-50	-56 to -2	Ozone					
Mesosphere	50-85	-2 to -92	NO+,O ₂ ⁺					
Thermosphere	85-500	-92 to 1200	NO ⁺ ,O ⁺ ,O ₂ H ₂ ,He					
Exosphere	Upto 1600		H ₂ ,He					

Oxygen in atmosphere supports living organisms, carbon dioxide is essential for photosynthesis and nitrogen for plant growth.

- 2. Hydrosphere: Component that collects the substances within the water shed and deliver them to the other sub component
- 3. Lithosphere: Solid shell of inorganic materials on the surface of the earth.

Biotic (Living) component

The living components of the environment are biotic components.

Eg. Animals, plants, micro organisms

Biosphere: The biological environment where living organisms live and interact with physical environment (soil, air, water) is called biosphere.

Energy component

The component of energy flows across biotic and abiotic components, play an important role to maintain the life of living organisms.

Eg. Solar energy, nuclear energy, geochemical energy.

SCOPE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Environmental study is an important tool to educate the people for preserving quality environment. The main scope of environmental studies includes

- 1. To get an awareness and sensitivity to the total environment and its related problems.
- 2. To motivate society to actively participated in environmental protection and improvement.
 - 3. To develop skills for identifying and solving environmental problems.
- 4. To know the necessity of conservation of natural resources.
- 5. To evaluate environmental programmes in terms of social, economic, ecological, and aesthetic factors.

IMPORTANCE (OR) SIGNIFICANCE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Air we breathe, water we drink, food we consume and land we live on are all contaminated by industrial activities. There is no zero pollution industry. Because of the lack of self discipline and not worrying about our future generation, the valuable resources are polluted. To solve the above problems, knowledge of environmental studies is very important.

- 1. By environmental studies, we will understand the concept of "need of development without destruction of environment".
- 2. Through environmental studies, we can gain the knowledge of different types of environment and the effects of different environmental hazards.

Examples

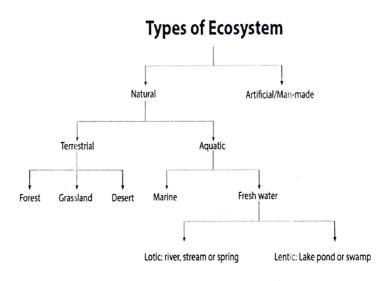
Animals cannot synthesis their food directly but depend on the plants either directly or indirectly.

Biome (Small Ecosystem)

A kind of organisms which can live in a particular ecosystem depends on their physical and metabolic adoptions to the environment of that place. On earth there are many sets of ecosystems which are exposed to same climatic conditions and having dominant species with similar life cycle, climatic adoptions and physical structure. This set of ecosystem is called a biome.

Thus, the biome is a small ecosystem with in an ecosystem.

TYPES OF ECOSYSYEM



1. Natural ecosystem

Natural ecosystems operate themselves under natural conditions. Based on habitat types, it can be further classified into

Terrestrial Ecosystem

This ecosystem is related to land and types of vegetation. **Examples:** Grassland ecosystem, forest ecosystem, desert ecosystem, etc.

Aquatic Ecosystem

This ecosystem is related to water, it is further sub classified into two types based on salt content.

(i) Fresh water ecosystem

- (a) Running water ecosystems Examples: Rivers, streams
- (b) Standing water ecosystem's Examples: Pond, lake
- (ii) Marine ecosystem Examples: Seas and sea shores

2. Artificial (or) Man-Engineered ecosystems

Artificial ecosystem is maintained by human.

Examples: Croplands, gardens

- 3. Environmental studies inform about peoples effective role in protecting the environment by demanding changes in laws and enforcement systems.
- 4. Environmental studies have a direct relation to the quality of life we live.
- 5. Environmental studies develop a concern and respect for the environment.

NEED FOR PUBLIC AWARENESS

Increasing population, urbanisation and poverty have generated pressure on the natural resources and lead to a degradation of the environment. To protect (or) prevent the environment from the pollution, Supreme Court has ordered and initiated the environmental awareness to the public through Government and Non - government agencies to take part to protect our environment.

Importance of Public (or) Community participation

Environmental pollution cannot be removed by the laws alone. The proper implementation and especially public participation are the important aspects, which should be given importance and stress. The public participation is useful in law making process and controlling the pollution activities. Thus the public participation plays a major role in the effective environmental management.

Types of Public Participation

Public participation in the decision making process can be at any stage and of various forms.

Pressure Group: The public "Pressure group" may be formed to influence the government on one hand and the industries on the other hand.

Watch dog: The public can act as "watch dog" to protect the interests of public against environmental hazardous activities.

Advisory council: The public can also act as advisory council and agencies, which is constituted to keep the environment suitable for living.

Enforcing the environmental laws: The services of public can be utilized to enforce the environmental laws. If necessary the member of public should conduct public interest litigations.

Ecology

All living organisms, whether plant or animal or human being are surrounded by the environment, from which they derive their needs for survival. Each living component interacts with non-living components for their basic requirements from different ecosystem.

Ecology is the study of interactions among organisms or group of organisms with their environment. The environment consists of both biotic components (living organisms) and abiotic components (non-living organisms).

(or)

Ecology is the study of ecosystems.

Ecosystem

Ecosystem is the basic functional unit of ecology. The term ecosystem is coined from a Greek word meaning "study of home".

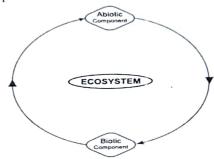
A group of organisms interacting among themselves and with environment is known as **ecosystem**. Thus, an ecosystem is a community of different species interacting with one another and with their non-living environment exchanging energy and matter.

STRUCTURE (0r) COMPONENTS OF AN ECOSYSTEM

The structure of an ecosystem explains the relationship between abiotic (non-living) and biotic (living) components.

An ecosystem has two major components

- 1. Abiotic (non-living) components.
- 2. Biotic (living) components.



1. Abiotic (non-living) components

Non-living components (physical and chemical) of an ecosystem collectively form a community called abiotic components (or) abiotic community.

Examples: Climate, soil, water, air, energy, nutrients, etc.

1. Physical components: It includes the energy, climate, raw materials and living space that the biological community needs. It is useful for the growth and maintenance of its member.

Examples: Air, water, soil, sunlight, etc.

2. Chemical Components: It is the sources of essential nutrients.

Examples:

- (i) Organic substances: Protein, lipids, carbohydrates, etc.
- (ii) Inorganic substances: All micro (Al, Co, Zn, Cu) and macro elements (C, H, O, P, N, P, K) and few other elements.

2. Biotic components

Living organisms (or) living members in an ecosystem collectively form its community called biotic components (or) biotic community. The living components are made of many different species. These species are distinguished on the basis of their nutritional (feeding) relationship. It includes

a. Autotrophic components

The members of autotrophic components are producers, which are autotrops (self-nourishing organisms). They derive energy from sunlight and make organic compounds from inorganic substances.

Examples: Green plants, algae, bacteria, etc.

b. Heterotrophic components

The members of heterotrophic components are consumers and decomposers, which are heterotrophs (dependent on others for food). They consume the autotrophs (producers). The heterotrophs are

- (a) Macro consumers: These are herbivores, omnivores (or) carnivores.
- (b) Saprotrophs (micro consumers): These are decomposers (bacteria, fungi, etc).

ECOSYSTEM (OR) AN OF COMPONENTS **MEMBERS** OF **BIOTIC** CLASSIFICATION OF BIOTIC COMPONENTS

The members of biotic components of an ecosystem are grouped into three groups based on how they get their food. Producers (Plants), Consumer (Animals) and Decomposers (Micro-organisms)

1. Producers (Autotrophs)

Producers synthesize their food themselves through photosynthesis.

Examples: All green plants, trees.

Photosynthesis

The green pigments, called chlorophyll, present in the leaves of plants, converts CO2 and H₂O in the presence of sunlight into carbohydrates.

$$0\mathrm{CO}_2 + 12\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O} \quad \xrightarrow{\mathrm{hv}} \quad \mathrm{C}_6\mathrm{H}_{12}\mathrm{O}_6 + 6\mathrm{O}_2 + 6\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$$
Chlorophyll

This process is called photosynthesis.

2. Consumers (heterotrophs)

Consumers are organisms, which cannot prepare their own food and depend directly or indirectly on the producers. They cannot make organic compounds, but can transform one form of organic compounds into other form of organic compounds.

Examples

Plant eating species: Insects, rabbit, goat, deer, cow, etc.

Animals eating species: Fish, lions, tiger, etc.

Types of consumers

Consumers are of the following types.

(i) Primary consumers (Herbivores) (plant eaters)

Primary consumers are also called herbivores; they directly depend on the plants for their food. So they are called plant eaters.

Examples: Insects, rat, goat, deer, cow, horse, etc.

(ii) Secondary consumers (primary carnivores) (meat eaters)

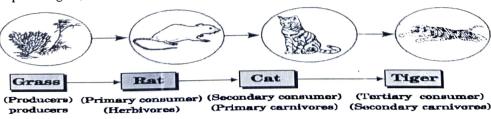
Secondary consumers are primary carnivores, they feed on primary consumers. They directly depend on the herbivores for their food.

Examples: Frog, cat, snakes, foxes, etc.

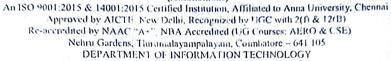
(iii) Tertiary consumers (Secondary carnivores) (Meat eaters)

Tertiary consumers are secondary carnivores, they feed on secondary consumers. They directly depend on the primary carnivores for their food.

Examples: Tigers, lions, etc.



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Department of Science and Humanities

		COL	URS	E PLAN						
Course Code & Title	GE3451 & EN SUSTAINABI		ENTA	L SCIENCES	AND		L P T C 3 0 0 3			
Class	II B.Tech IT Semeste		IV	Regulation	202.	Academic Year	2023- 2024			
Faculty	Mrs.S.Jenisha		E-N	Aail ID	nietjenis	isha@nehrucolleges.com				
Course Pre-requisite	Higher Secondary	Level								
Course Objectives	 To finding solutions to organism a To apprecion world; env To study the and surface 	and impler o environment environ ate the implision the sume dynamic e. ne integrate	menti ental ment ortan irrour proce	problems.To so ce of environreding environresses and under mes and biodi	echnologi study the i ment by as ment, its fu erstand the	cal, economic and ponterrelationship between sessing its impact or unctions and its value features of the earth atural resources, pollo	veen living the human e. "s interior			
Course Outcomes	know about Biodiv	ersity and in asic concert different ty need for su	ts valots of opes of opes of opes of	ues. Science and e of natural reso ability and en	ngineering ources. vironments	os with human activit g for pollution abater al management.				
Program Outcomes	PO1 –Engineering engineering fundam engineering problem and engineering problem mathematics, natura PO3-Design/develo problems and desig appropriate conside environmental cons PO6 –The enginee to assess societal responsibilities rele	knowledge nentals, and ms. alysis: Iden ms reaching al sciences, pment of materials of materials of materials. r and society, health, want to the	e: Aplan entify, figures and example the professor of the	formulate, resetantiated concerning so the tantiated concerning to the tantiated conce	edge of mecialization earch literal		engineering needs with ocietal, and knowledge consequent			
	PO7 -Environment engineering solution	nt and su	stain ietal	ability: Unde	erstand th	e impact of the pontexts, and demor	rofessional			



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	knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
	PO 12 -Life-long learning: Recognise the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.
Program Specific Outcomes	 Professional Skills: Acquaint in-depth knowledge on the basic and advanced computer science domains like Data Sciences, Cryptography, Cloud and Distributed Computing, Neural Networks and Artificial Intelligence Analyze and recommend the appropriate IT infrastructure required for the implementation of a project Entrepreneurship and Successful Career: Apply the standard practices to have successful career path in the field of information and communication technology and entrepreneurship
Programme Educational Objectives	 Acquire and Apply knowledge in Computer Science, Mathematics, Science and inter-disciplinary engineering principles in order to excel in computer professional career Analyze real life problems adapting to new Computing Technologies for professional excellence and ethical attitude in order to provide economically feasible engineering solutions Carry out complex engineering problems with best practices exhibiting communication skills, team work and interpersonal skills to enable continued computer professional development through life-long learning
References	 TEXT BOOKS Anubha Kaushik and C. P. Kaushik's "Perspectives in Environmental Studies", 6th Edition, New Age International Publishers, 2018. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, Ney Delhi, 2016. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004. Allen, D. T. and Shonnard, D. R., Sustainability Engineering: Concepts, Design and Case Studies, Prentice Hall. Bradley. A.S; Adebayo, A.O., Maria, P. Engineering applications in sustainable design and development, Cengage learning. Environment Impact Assessment Guidelines, Notification of Government of India, 2006. Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publication, London, 1998. REFERENCES R.K. Trivedi, 'Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards', Vol. I and II, Enviro Media. 38. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, 'Environmental Encyclopedia', Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.

3. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT. LTD.



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	 New Delhi, 2007. 4. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, 2005. 5. ErachBharucha "Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses"
E-Learning Resources	Orient BlackswanPvt. Ltd. 2013. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108002/ http://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108004/ http://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108005/ http://www.isfahanmetairpollution.ir/Dorsapax/Data/Sub 5/File/dictionary%20book.pdf

COURSE PLAN

GE3451 & ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES AND SUSTAINABILITY

Lecture No.	Topic	Reference Book No. & Section	Scheduled on	Delivered on	Mode of Delivery
	UNIT- I - ENVIRONMENT AND B	IODIVERSIT	Y		
1	Definition, Scope and Importance of Environment – Need for Public awareness	T.1,2,R.2,.3	11-3-24	203-24	PPT
2	Ecosystem and Energy flow – Ecological Succession	T.1,2,R.2,.3	18-3-24	d1-3-24	PPT
3	Types and Values of Biodiversity	T.1,2,R.2,.3	13-3-24	23-3-24	PPT
4	India as a Mega-Diversity nation – Hot-spots of Biodiversity	T.1,2,R.2,.3	14-3-24	25-3-24	PPT
5	Threats to biodiversity: Habitat loss, Poaching of wildlife, Man-Wildlife conflicts – Endangered and Endemic species of India	T.1,2,R.2,.3	18-3-24	25-3-24	PPT
6	Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex- situ.	T.1,2,R.2,.3	18-3-24	28-3-24	PPT
	UNIT -II - ENVIRONMENTAL	POLLUTION			
7	Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Water Pollution	T.1,2 R.1	20-324	1-4-24	
8	Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Soil Pollution	T.1,2 R.1	21-3-24	1-424	Black
9	Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Air and Noise Pollutions	T.1,2 R.1	15-3-24	2-4-24	2 ack
10	Solid, Hazardous and E- Waste management	T.1,2 R.1	25-3-24	8-4-24	PPT
11	Case studies on occupational Health and Safety Management System (OHASMS)	T.1,2 R.1	27-3-24	8-4-24	PPT



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12	Environmental Protection, Environmental Protection Acts		18-3-24	00-4-24	PPT
	UNIT - III -RENEWABLE SOURC	ES OF ENER	GY		
13	Energy Management and Conservation	T.2,3R.2,3,4	1-4-24	22-4-24	PPT
14	New Energy Sources: Need of New Sources	T.2,3R.2,3,4	1-4-24	14424	DRT
15	Different types of New Energy Sources	T.2,3R.2,3,4	3-4-24	25-16-24	DPT
16	Applications of Hydrogen Energy *Ocean Energy Resources	T.2,3R.2,3,4			PPT
17	Tidal Energy Conversion	T.2,3R.2,3,4	8-4-24	2-5-24	Black
18	Concept, Origin and Power Plants of Geothermal energy	T.2,3R.2,3,4	8-4-24	B-5-24	PPT
1.0	UNIT – IV - SUSTAINABILITY AND	MANAGEM	ENT		
19	Development, GDP, Sustainability - Concept, Needs and Challenges	T.1 R.3	10-4-24	b \$5-24	PPJ
20	Economic, Social and aspects of sustainability From Unsustainability and Sustainability Millennium development goals and Protocols	T.1 R.3	11-4-24	13-524	Black
21	Sustainable Development Goals – Target, Indicators, Intervention areas	T.1 R.3	15-4-24	13-524	Black
22	Climate Change – Global Regional and Local environmental issues and possible Solutions - Case studies	T.1 R.3	15-4-24	15-54	Black Black
23	Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint	T.1 R.3	17-4-24	15-CU	Black
24	Environmental Management in Industry – A case study	T.1 R.3	17-4-24	do 15/24	Black
	UNIT - V - SUSTAINABILITY	PRACTICES		1 .	Boo
25	Zero waste and R concept, Circular economy, ISO 14,000 Series	T.1, 2,R.4,5	22-4-14	20 5/24	PPT
26	Material Life cycle assessment, Environmental	T.1, 2,R.4,5		1 (02 1



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27	Sustainable habitat: Green buildings, Green materials, Energy efficiency, Sustainable transports	T.1, 2,R.4,5	24-4-44	2-2/5/14	PPT
28	Sustainable energy: Non-conventional sources	T.1, 2,R.4,5	25-4-24	27/5/24	PPT
29	Energy cycles-Carbon cycle, Emission and Sequestration	T.1, 2,R.4,5	29424	29/5/24	PPT
30	Green engineering – Sustainable Urbanization- Socio Economical and Technological Change	T.1, 2,R.4,5	29-4-24	30 5 24	PPT

Topics beyond the	Perio	d	
Topics beyond the	Non Conventional Energy Sources&Storage Devices	2	
	Recent techniques for the development of energy sources	2	4
Industrial Visit(s)/ Internship	Field trip	1	
	30 + 5 =	35	







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MAPPINGS

COs- POs Mapping

	CY 3151	G	Program Outcomes (3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low)												
	C1 3151	Cognitive Level	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	PO8	P09	PO10	P011	PO12	
001		DI	RECT	ME	СТНС	D				-					
envir with	Understand the natural onment, its relationships human activities and to about Biodiversity and alues.	Apply (K2)	2	1	2			3	3					1 (
concengia	- Apply the basic epts of science and neering for pollution ement.	Understand (K2)	2	1	2			3	2					1	
types	- Explain the different s of natural resources.	Apply (K3)	2	1	2			3	3						
susta	Analyze the need for inability and ronmental management.	Understand (K2)	2	1	2			3	2					1	
CO5	- Understand about the inable practices.	Apply (K3)						J						1	
	INDIDE	CT METHOD	<u>2</u>	1	2			3	3					1	
	HADIKE	СТ МЕТНОО	(Base	d on	Clas	sroon	1 Act	ivity	/ Eve	ent)					
1	Event	Analyze	2	3											

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2
C104.1	2	1
C104.2	2	1
C104.3	2	1
C104.4	2	1
C104.5	2	1

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Nehru Gardens, Thirumalayampalayam, Coimbatore – 641 105.





B.E./ B.Tech.(Full Time) -Continuous Internal Assessment Test-I, April 2024 REGULATION - 2021

SUB CODE & NAME: GE3451 – ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES AND SUSTAINABILITY (Common to all branches) (R 2021)

SET: II

Course Instructor	:	Mrs.A.Laksl	ımi Priya		Portion	:	2.5 Units			
Year Semester	:	H/IV			Date / Session					
Duration -	:	180 minutes	7		Max. Marks	:	100			
Knowledge Level	K	1: Remembe	r K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Analyze	K	5: Evaluate K6: Crea			
Causes Outransa		213.1	about Biodiversity and its values.							
Course Outcomes	C	Apply the basic concepts of science and engineering for pollution abatement.								
	C215.3 Explain the different types of energy resources.									

$PART - A (10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$

Q.No	Questions	Marks	Knowledge Level . Course Outcomes
1.	List the types of ecosystem	2	K1/C215.1
2.	Discuss the habitat loss of biodiversity.	2	K2/C215.1
3.	State the need for public awareness.	2	K1/C215.1
4.	Recognize autotrophs from saprotrophs.	2	K2/C215.1
5.	Demonstrate the causes of noise pollution.	2	K3/C215.2
6.	Organize the objectives of hazardous waste management.	2	K4/C215.2
7.	Interpret the reasons for acid rain.	2	K3/C215.2
8.	Examine 3R principles.	2	K4/ C215.2
9.	Defend the need of energy conservation .	2	K5/ C215.3
10.	Argue the need of upgrading HVAC system for energy efficiency,	2	K5/C215.3
	DADED OF A AND A STATE OF A STATE		

PART-B $(5\times13=65 \text{ Marks})$

O.No	Questions	Marks	/ Course Outcomes
Ha.	Describe the types of conservation methods of bio diversity.	13	K2 C215.1
	(Or)		
11 b	Identify the ecosystem and its types with examples.	13	K2/ C215.1



1	2 a.	List the various threats to biodiversity with suitable examples.	13	K1/C215.1	
4		(Or)			
١	2 b.	State hot spots of biodiversity. Why India is called mega diversity nation?	13	K1/C215.1	
	13 a.	Discuss the causes effects and control measures of soil pollution.	13	K2/C215.2	
The state of the s	13 b.	(Or) Explain the case studies of OHASMS.	13	K2/C215.2	
	14 a.	Enumerate the Environmental Protection and explain its acts. (Or)	13	K3/C215.2	
のは、一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一	1-1 b.		13	K3/C215.2	
	15 a.	Examine the different ways by which you can conserve energy. (Or)	13	K4/C215.3	
I I	15 b.		13	K4/C215.3	
		PART-C $(1\times15=15 \text{ Marks})$			
The state of the state of	Q.No ló a	Questions	Marks 6	Knowledge Level / Course Outcomes K3/C215.1	
		ii) Defend the effects and control measures of noise pollution.		K5/C215.2	
Section 1		iii) Define energy resources. (Or)	6	K3/C215.2 K2/C215.3	
Section of the second	16 b	i) As an environmentalist, how do you control over harvesting of animals?	6	K3/C215.1	
A CHANGE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA		ii) Argue the effect of e waste to the environment degradation. iii) Identify the problems associated with the hydrogen fuel cells.	6	K5/C215.2 K2/C215.3	
	Con	A Acus DQAC Examedi Coordinator		HoD	

VISION

To produce exemplary competent Electrical and Electronics graduates with high moral values to face the challenges of industry / society.

ON
To establish a strong Centre of Excellence for learning and research in Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
To impart high quality education using innovative methods of feaching-learning process.
To create globally recognized professionals in the field of Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
To encourage entrepreneurship in the area of energy engineering by providing proper guidance.



College Code

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CONTINUOUS INTERNAL ASSESSMENT TEST

Read the Instructions given overleaf carefully before filling in the title page. (To be filled in by the candidate)

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REGISTER NUMBER

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PART - A	(10)	(2 = 20)				P.A	ART – I	3 (5 X 13 =	65)					
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3)50-24							2	Examiner			valued and the total is found to be correct Signature of the Examiner			
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		144						
	Knowledge Level	K1:	K2:	K3:	K4 :	K5 ·	K6 :	
- 1	(KL)	Dama - Land	1			K3 .	NO:	
ı	(KL)	Remembering	Understanding	Applying	Analyzing	Evaluating	Creating	
				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 217 21116	Evaluating	Creating	

Department of Information Technology

GE3451-Environmental Science and Engineering Assignment - I

Course Instructor :Mrs. S Jenisha

Academic year : 2023-2024 (Even Sem)

Class / Sem : II- IT: IV Sem

Q.No	Assignment Questions	Level	Course Outcome
1.	 (i) Discuss the hotspots of biodiversity in India. Explain about threats to bio diversity. (ii) Define biodiversity. Explain its values with significance. 	К2	C215.1
2.	What is OHASMS? Explain it with a case study.	К2	C215.2
3.	Explain the measures by which energy can be conserved.	K4	C215.3

Course Instructor

HoD

NAME: S. Lamya karron

BRANCH: B. Tech Information Technology

SUBCODE: GE 3451

SUBTITLE: Environmental Science & sustainability

REG NO: 721422205032

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